

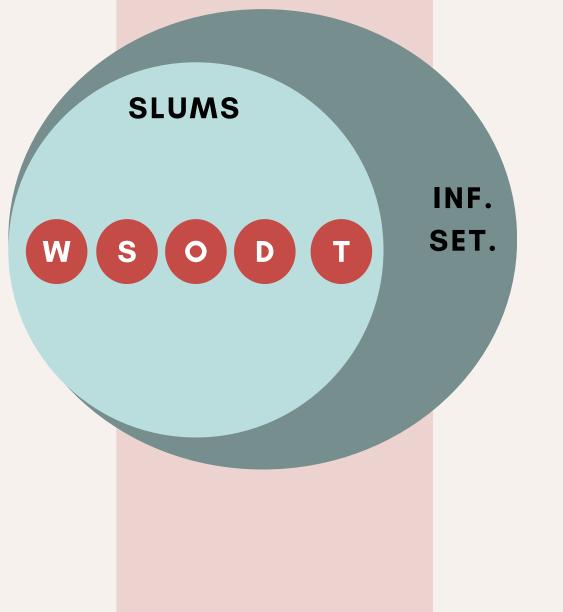
to address urban inequalities in access to water and sanitation

### Unban INEQUALITIES

Global bodies have been continuously emphasising *slums* and *informal settlements* as a priority to expand the monitoring of urban inequalities in access to water and sanitation.

Definition PROBLEM

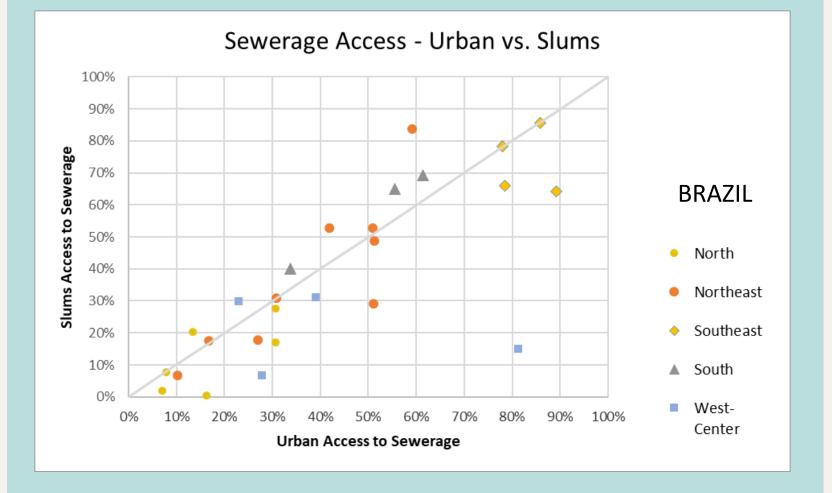
## SLUMS ≠INF. SETTLEMENTS



#### Monitoring & Delivery of WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES

Is the dichotomy of living/not-living in a slum a determining factor for lacking access to water and sanitation services? How effective upgrading programs are in reducing inequalities in access to water and sanitation services?

## Initial ANALYSIS



# DICHOTOMY SLUM/NOT-SLUM

The broadness of the concept of *slums* makes it almost impossible to unambiguously define slums as a particular type of spatial entity that combines particular characteristics.

The results show that access within slums is not necessarily lower than in urban areas in general.

# HYPOTHESIS

The dichotomy slum/not-slum is not the best approach to monitoring unequal access to services. Piecemeal upgrading projects are therefore not sufficient to address comprehensive intra-urban inequalities.



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